

# Use of the MM5 Adjoint Modeling System

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## What is the adjoint of a nonlinear model?

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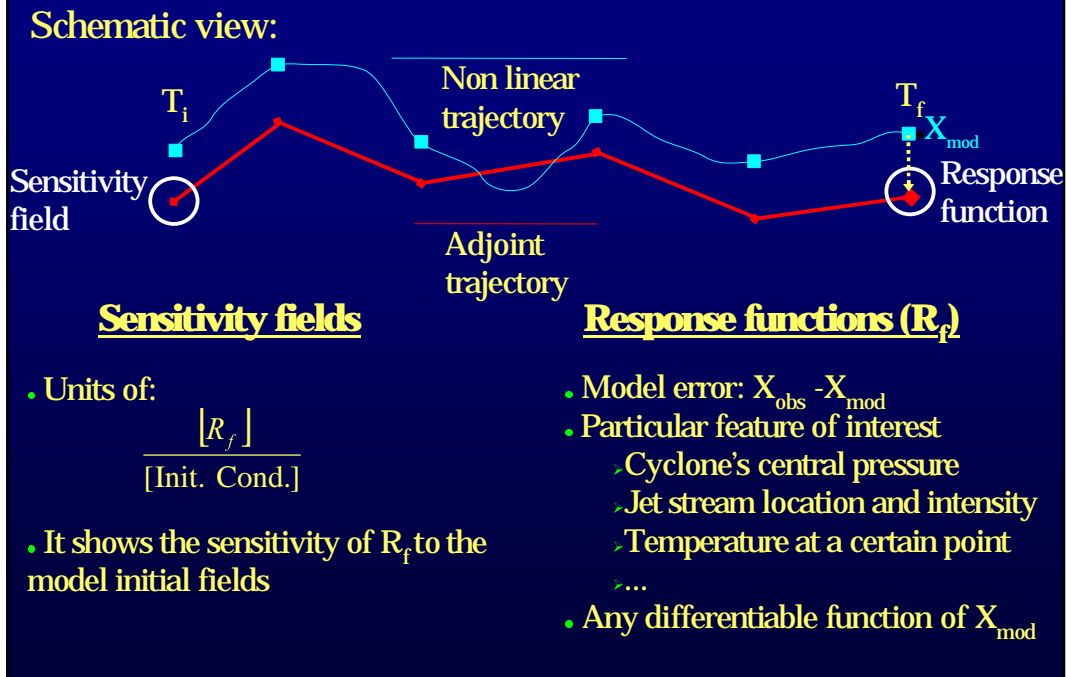
It goes backward in time

- The Adjoint is a linear operator which follows a nonlinear model solution backwards in time.

It computes sensitivity fields

- The Adjoint is the linearized and transposed version of the nonlinear model.

## How does it work?



## Algebraic view and Singular Vectors?

Three models play a role in the MM5 Adjoint System:

- $\mathbf{x}(t_f) = \mathbf{F} \mathbf{x}(t_0)$  Nonlinear Forward
- $\mathbf{x}(t_f) = \mathbf{L} \mathbf{x}(t_0)$  Tangent Linear Forward
- $\mathbf{x}(t_0) = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{x}(t_f)$  Adjoint Backward (with  $\mathbf{A}$ ;  $\langle \mathbf{x}; \mathbf{L}\mathbf{y} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}; \mathbf{y} \rangle$ )

Considering  $\mathbf{L}$  as a linear operator, its maximum-growth modes, under a certain  $\mathbf{E}$  norm are:

$$\frac{\|\mathbf{X}_t\|}{\|\mathbf{X}_0\|} = \frac{(\mathbf{X}_t; \mathbf{X}_t)_E}{(\mathbf{X}_0; \mathbf{X}_0)_E} = \frac{(\mathbf{L}\mathbf{X}_0; \mathbf{L}\mathbf{X}_0)_E}{(\mathbf{X}_0; \mathbf{X}_0)_E} = \frac{\langle \mathbf{X}_0; \mathbf{E}\mathbf{E}^{-1}\mathbf{L}^*\mathbf{E}\mathbf{L}\mathbf{X}_0 \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{X}_0; \mathbf{E}\mathbf{X}_0 \rangle} = \frac{\sigma \langle \mathbf{X}_0; \mathbf{E}\mathbf{X}_0 \rangle}{\langle \mathbf{X}_0; \mathbf{E}\mathbf{X}_0 \rangle} = \sigma$$

where  $(\mathbf{E}^{-1}\mathbf{L}^*\mathbf{E}\mathbf{L})\mathbf{X}_0 = \sigma\mathbf{X}_0$  is the eigenproblem to solve

Singular vector calculation reduces to an eigenvector problem.

## Simulation configuration

### Domain limitations:

- 2 big (~10Gb) files stores the nonlinear basic state (Whole grid every time step)
- No nesting capability
- High resolutions uncoherent with simplified physics

### Typical configuration:

- Grid: 71x71x23 with  $Dx = 60$  km and  $Dt = 120$  s.
- IC and BC from the standard MM5 preprocessing package
- Available parameterizations:
  - Cumulus Convection: Kuo, Grell
  - Explicit moisture: Dudhia
  - PBL: High resolution Blackadar
  - Radiation: Cloud-radiation scheme

## Computational notes

Source code and documentation available at:

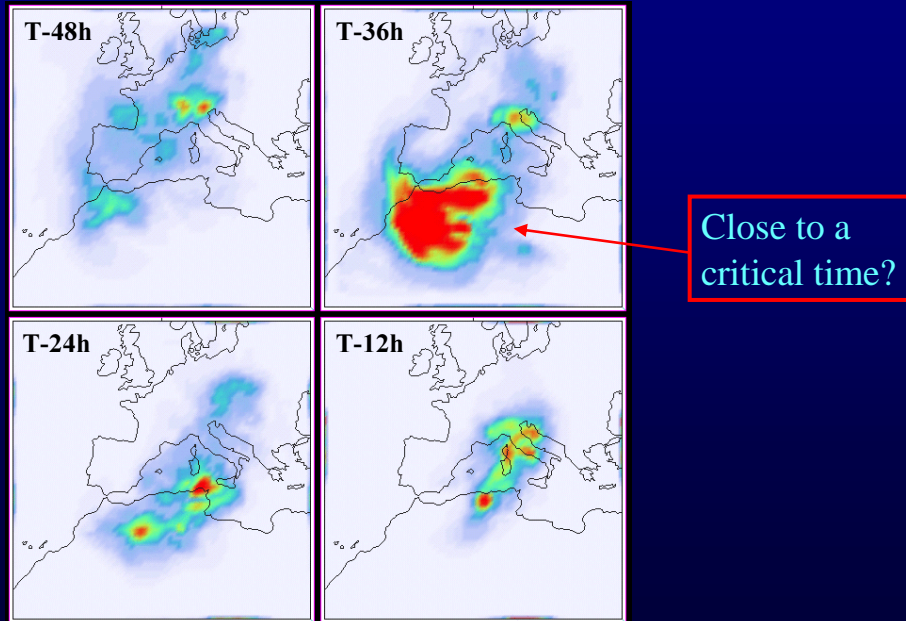
[ftp://ftp.ucar.edu/mesouser/MM5\\_ADJ/](ftp://ftp.ucar.edu/mesouser/MM5_ADJ/)

### Computer details:

- Systems supported: SGI, DEC, Linux
- Code is NOT parallelised
- Some benchmarks on a Xenon 2.4 GHz running PGF77 Linux with 71X71x23 (60 km, 120 s):
  - 24 h Sensitivity run (Fwd and Adj modules) ~ 2.5 h
  - 24 h First 10 Singular Vectors (Fwd and 100x Tgl and Adj modules) ~ 275 h (11.5 days)

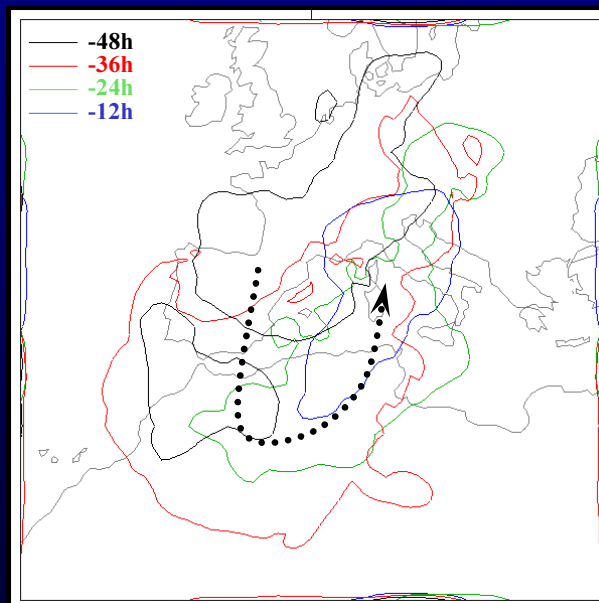
## Example: Superstorm 10 and 11 November 2001

Averaged sensitivity field to a wind maximum over the Balearics:



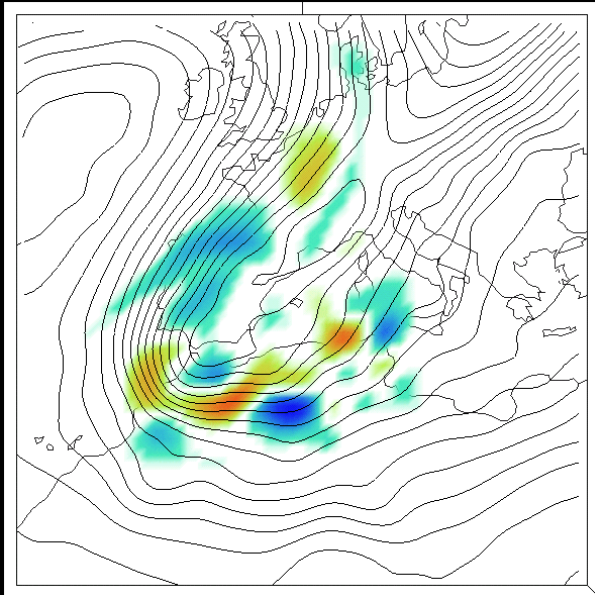
## Example: Superstorm 10 and 11 November 2001

Sensitivity progression backwards:



## Example: Superstorm 10 and 11 November 2001

H at 500 T-30:



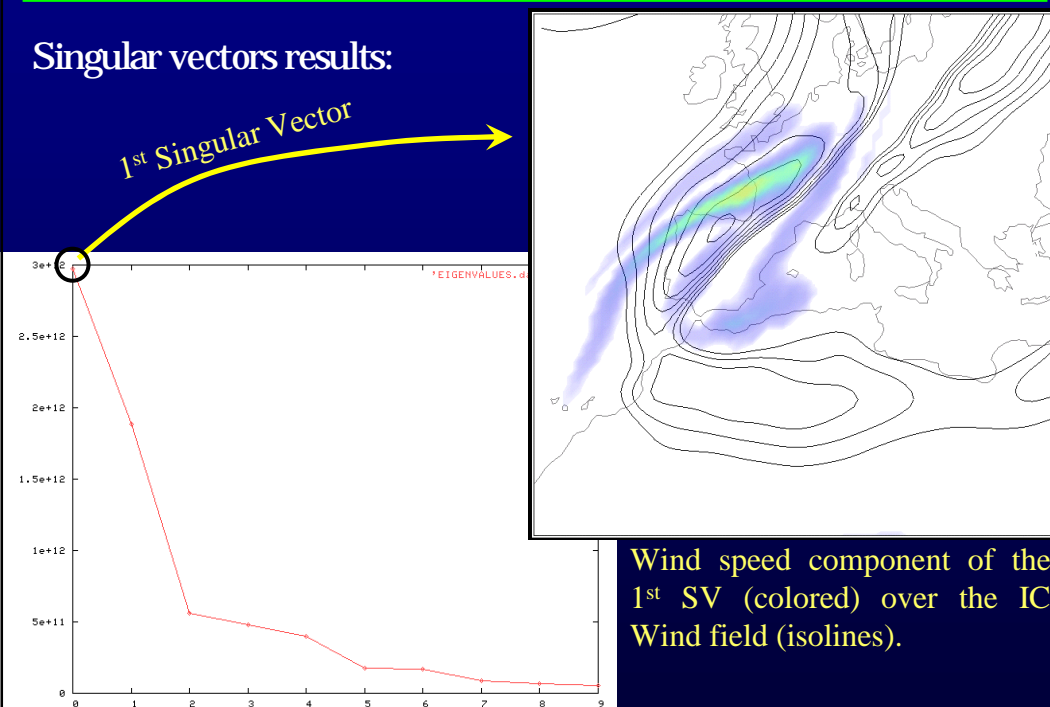
**RED (BLUE):** An increase (decrease) of H into the IC will produce an increase to the response function.

Interpretation:

The response function (Wind speed over the Balearics at 00UTC 11 Nov) shows high sensitivity to the precise shape of the mid-levels trough, and particularly to the details regarding the embedded secondary waves.

## Example: Superstorm 10 and 11 November 2001

Singular vectors results:



Wind speed component of the 1<sup>st</sup> SV (colored) over the IC Wind field (isolines).

- All results shown are preliminar and under study
- Contributions to the Spanish MM5 Network would include:
  - Distribution of the code developed to compute SV using the standard Adj MM5 distribution
  - Support on the installation and run of the standard Adjoint system modules
  - General support (when possible)

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**Red Ibérica de MM5**

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